

# COT 6401 The Analysis of Algorithms

## Homework 1

Due: February 11

All for solutions, provide explanation first in English followed by pseudo code. A brief complexity analysis, including how to derive the result, is also needed.

1. (divide-and-conquer using transform-and-conquer) Compute a mode, where *mode* is a value that occurs most often in a given list of numbers. For example, for 2, 4, 6, 2, 6, 1, 6, the mode is 6. Design an algorithm with complexity  $\Theta(n \log n)$ .
2. (divide-and-conquer and dynamic programming) Suppose your job at an investment company is to buy  $x$  shares of a stock on some day and sell all these shares on some (later) day. There are  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$  days. The share price at day  $i$  is  $p(i)$ . Design two efficient algorithms that generate the maximum profit by deciding when to buy and sell. The first solution uses divide-and-conquer with complexity  $\Theta(n \log n)$ . The second solution applies dynamic programming to reduce the complexity to  $\Theta(n)$ .
3. (greedy algorithm) Coin changing problem 16-1, page 402 in the textbook.
4. (stable marriage problem) Suppose  $2n$  people ( $n$  men and  $n$  women) are either bad or good. Specifically, there are  $k$  good men and  $k$  good women. In the preference list, everyone would rather marry any good person than any bad person. Show that in a stable marriage, every good man is married to a good woman.
5. (**bonus problem**) Suppose you are given an array  $A$  with  $n$  entries with distinct values. Assume the values in the array is *unimodel*: For some index  $p$  between 1 and  $n$ , the values in the array entries increase up to position  $p$  and then decrease the remainder of the way until position  $n$ . Show how to find the entry  $p$  by reading at most  $O(\log n)$  entries in  $A$  and then how to minimize the total number of readings.